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Population Groups (28) and Sex (3) for the Population of Canada, Provinces, Territories, Census Metropolitan Areas and Census Agglomerations, 2006 Census - 20% Sample Data

Select data categories for this product

Geography [Geographic index] Submit Northwest Territories / Territoires du Nord-Ouest

Northwest	Territories /	Territoires	du Nord-Ouest

		Sex (3)	
Population groups (28)	Total - Sex	Male	Female
Total - Population groups ¹	41,055	20,945	20,110
Single responses ²	20,390	10,755	9,64
White	18,265	9,750	8,51
Chinese	300	155	14
South Asian ²	195	100	9
Black	340	175	16
Filipino	665	280	38
Latin American	85	40	4
Southeast Asian ⁴	350	150	20
Arab	85	50	4
West Asian ⁵	40	20	1
Korean	10	10	1
Japanese	20	10	1
Visible minority, n.i.e. 4	30	10	2
Multiple responses ²	175	95	8
White and Chinese	15	15	
White and South Asian	10	0	1
White and Black	35	10	2
White and Filipino	30	15	1
White and Latin American	30	20	1
White and Southeast Asian	0	0	
White and Arab	10	10	
White and West Asian	0	0	
White and Korean	0	0	
White and Japanese	0	0	
White and multiple visible minority ⁸	35	15	1
Multiple visible minority ²	10	0	1
Aboriginal self-reporting 10	20,490	10,100	10,39

Note(s) :

i. Census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations crossing provincial boundaries

There is one census metropolitan area of attraway a glotine attors crossing provincial boundaries. The data for their respective provincial parts are included with the appropriate census agglomerations (Campbellton, Hawkesbury and Lloydminster) that cross provincial boundaries. The data for their respective provincial parts are included with the appropriate census agglomerations (Campbellton, Hawkesbury and Lloydminster) that cross provincial boundaries. The data agglomeration within the province of the provincial part that contributes the majority of the population to the area. For example, Ottawa - Gatineau can be found in Ontario, Campbellton in New Brunswick, Hawkesbury in Ontario and Lloydminster in Alberta.

1. Total - Population groups

Refers to the population group or groups to which the respondent belongs. The population group question on the census is used to derive counts for the visible minority population, as defined by the Employment Equity Act. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour'.

2 Single responses

Includes respondents who provided one population group only.

3

South Asian For example, 'East Indian', 'Pakistani', 'Sri Lankan', etc.

4 Southeast Asian

For example, 'Vietnamese', 'Cambodian', 'Malaysian', 'Laotian', etc.

5 West Asian

7

8

For example, 'Iranian', 'Afghan', etc.

6 Visible minority, n.i.e.

The abbreviation 'n.i.e.' means 'not included elsewhere'. Includes respondents who reported a write-in response such as 'Guyanese', 'West Indian', 'Kurd', 'Tibetan', 'Polynesian', 'Pacific Islander', etc.

Multiple responses Includes respondents who provided two or more population groups

White and multiple visible minority Includes respondents who reported more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in circles, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian'.

9

Multiple visible minority Includes respondents who reported more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in circles, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian'.

10

Aboriginal self-reporting Includes respondents who reported 'Yes' to the Aboriginal identity question (Question 18). These respondents were not required to answer the Population group question (Question 19).

Source: Statistics Canada, 2006 Census of Population, Statistics Canada catalogue no. 97-562-XCB2006007.

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